

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
DALLAS DIVISION

In re:

HIGHLAND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, L.P.,

Reorganized Debtor.

Chapter 11

Case No. 19-34054-sgj11

MARC S. KIRSCHNER, AS LITIGATION
TRUSTEE OF THE LITIGATION SUB-TRUST,

Plaintiff,

v.

JAMES D. DONDERO; SCOTT ELLINGTON;
ISAAC LEVENTON; GRANT JAMES SCOTT III;
STRAND ADVISORS, INC.; NEXPOINT
ADVISORS, L.P.; HIGHLAND CAPITAL
MANAGEMENT FUND ADVISORS, L.P.;
DUGABOY INVESTMENT TRUST AND NANCY
DONDERO, AS TRUSTEE OF DUGABOY
INVESTMENT TRUST; GET GOOD TRUST AND
GRANT JAMES SCOTT III, AS TRUSTEE OF
GET GOOD TRUST; HUNTER MOUNTAIN
INVESTMENT TRUST; CLO HOLDCO, LTD.;
CHARITABLE DAF HOLDCO, LTD.;
CHARITABLE DAF FUND, LP.; HIGHLAND
DALLAS FOUNDATION; RAND PE FUND I, LP,
SERIES 1; MASSAND CAPITAL, LLC;
MASSAND CAPITAL, INC.; and SAS ASSET
RECOVERY, LTD.

Defendants.

Adv. Pro. No. 21-03076-sgj

Civil Action No. 3:22-CV-203-S

Consolidated with:

Case No. 3:22-CV-229

Case No. 3:22-CV-253

Case No. 3:22-CV-367

Case No. 3:22-CV-369

Case No. 3:22-CV-370

**DEFENDANTS' RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO
REOPEN CASE AND REQUEST FOR STATUS CONFERENCE**

In response to Plaintiff's Motion to Reopen Case and Request for Status Conference ("Motion"), filed on February 10, 2026, Defendants NexPoint Advisors, L.P., NexPoint Asset Management, L.P. f/k/a Highland Capital Management Fund Advisors, L.P., James Dondero, The Dugaboy Investment Trust ("Dugaboy"), Get Good Trust, Strand Advisors, Inc., Scott Ellington, and Isaac Leventon (collectively, "Defendants") provide the following response ("Response"):



I. RESPONSE

Plaintiff Hunter Mountain Investment Trust (“Plaintiff” or “HMIT”) filed its Motion seeking to reopen this case and seeking to schedule a status conference. Although Defendants do not oppose the specific relief sought by Plaintiff in its Motion, Defendants file this Response to address several issues raised in the Motion, supplement the record with relevant information that Plaintiff failed to include, and clarify Defendants’ positions in this case.

First, Plaintiff fails to advise the Court of Chief Judge Jernigan’s “STATUS REPORT TO DISTRICT COURT,” filed on December 18, 2025 [Dkt. No. 412] (the “Amended Recommendation”), in which Judge Jernigan supplemented her original Report and Recommendation issued on April 6, 2022 [Dkt. No. 151] (the “Original Report and Recommendation”) on Defendants’ motions to withdraw the reference. In the Amended Recommendation, Judge Jernigan stated:

The bankruptcy court believes one thing is clear. There is no good reason for this bankruptcy court to be involved even in handling pre-trial matters in this Action (essentially as a magistrate), with there being no impact on creditor recovery from the Action. The prepetition creditors of Highland have been paid, in accordance with the confirmed Chapter 11 plan, notwithstanding whatever happens in this Action.

Amended Recommendation at 5. Under Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9033, the parties had fourteen days after entry of the Amended Recommendation (or until January 2, 2026) to object to the Amended Recommendation. Plaintiff did not object. Consequently, Defendants believe Chief Judge Jernigan’s Amended Recommendation that the reference be withdrawn for all purposes should be accepted by this Court. And while Plaintiff’s Motion is less than clear, Plaintiff apparently agrees. Specifically, on page six of its Motion, Plaintiff requests “that reference to the bankruptcy court be withdrawn for all purposes.” Thus, Defendants request that this Court enter an order confirming that the reference will be withdrawn for all purposes.

Second, although Defendants agree that a status conference should be scheduled at a time convenient for the parties and for the Court, Defendants disagree with Plaintiff's statements that the "Bankruptcy Court previously entered a scheduling order . . . which remains in effect" and that the "scheduling order allows for the commencement of deposition discovery in March 2026." Motion at ¶ 11. The scheduling order does no such thing. The Stipulation and Proposed Fourth Amended Scheduling Order [Dkt. No. 337], cited by Plaintiff, sets a deadline for fact depositions of December 4, 2023, and schedules a docket call for November 4, 2024. All of the deadlines in that scheduling order expired years ago. As such, Plaintiff is incorrect that the scheduling order allows for the commencement of deposition discovery in March 2026.¹

Plaintiff also asserts that the scheduling order allows it "to move forward with such discovery at that time and opposes any further delays" because "immediate discovery is needed to preserve both evidence and assets." Motion at ¶ 11. That too is untrue. This case has been stayed for years. And many months have passed since Plaintiff acquired the claims at issue. As is clear from the transcript of the October 17, 2025, status conference in front of Judge Jernigan, attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, no emergency exists, and no discovery needs to commence immediately.

Moreover, there are pending motions, including pending motions to dismiss for lack of subject matter jurisdiction, that need to be addressed by the Court before discovery commences. Plaintiff is wrong when it asserts that this issue has been resolved. As the exchange at the status conference shows, Defendants' motions to dismiss were never addressed at all, and the Original Report and Recommendation (which only tangentially addressed jurisdiction) needs to be reconsidered as a result of Plaintiff's acquisition of the claims and effective amendment of the

¹ While the order staying the proceeding contemplated resuming the schedule if the stay was lifted, given the unexpectedly lengthy passage of time, the state of document discovery at the point the stay was imposed, the failure of HMIT to obtain access to all of the Litigation Trustee's and Highland's documents in connection with the settlement, and the issues surrounding whether HMIT will remain the plaintiff, simply resuming the proceeding on something like the original schedule is not consistent with the parties' expectations or feasible.

pleadings, requiring the Court to determine whether it continues to have subject matter jurisdiction.² Importantly, Judge Jernigan did not even issue a Report and Recommendation on the motions to dismiss because she did not want to do so until this Court ruled on the pending motions to withdraw the reference.³

Additionally, when this proceeding was stayed on April 4, 2023, there were numerous discovery disputes pending with respect to party and third-party document discovery. Those issues need to be addressed and resolved before depositions can commence in this proceeding. To further complicate matters, the Litigation Trustee—the party that had control of the vast majority of the relevant documents in this case—is no longer a party to this proceeding after assignment of its claims to Plaintiff.

Finally, there is some possibility that Plaintiff may not retain control of this litigation at all. On February 9, 2026, Defendant Dugaboy filed a Motion for Relief from Order and Motion to Vacate (the “Motion to Vacate”) [Bankr. Dkt. No. 4513], arguing that the Rule 9019 Settlement Order that assigned the Litigation Trustee’s claims in this proceeding to Plaintiff was a product of fraud and misconduct and therefore should be vacated. A hearing on the Motion to Vacate is currently scheduled before Bankruptcy Judge Odell for April 27, 2026. This Court should await resolution of the Motion to Vacate before entering a new scheduling order in this proceeding because the assignment of claims to Plaintiff may not survive. Accordingly, while Defendants agree that a status conference would be helpful, it may be more useful to delay it and the reopening of this case until the resolution of the Motion to Vacate. In addition, an appeal from the Rule 9019

² Exhibit A, Status Conf. Tr. at 6, 15–16, 28 (explaining that Judge Jernigan would not hear and report on the motions to dismiss until the District Court ruled on the motions to withdraw the reference).

³ *Id.* at 15–16.

Settlement Order is pending, adding additional uncertainty about who ultimately will control the claims at issue.

II. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Defendants agree that the reference should be withdrawn for all purposes, and that a status conference is appropriate, but otherwise disagree with the assertions in Plaintiff's Motion.

March 3, 2026

Respectfully submitted,

STINSON LLP

/s/ Deborah Deitsch-Perez

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*Counsel for Scott Ellington and Isaac
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that, on March 3, 2026, a true and correct copy of this document was served electronically via the court's CM/ECF system.

/s/Deborah Deitsch-Perez _____
Deborah Deitsch-Perez

Exhibit

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IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
DALLAS DIVISION

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In Re:) **Case No. 19-34054-sgj-11**
) Chapter 11
)
HIGHLAND CAPITAL) Dallas, Texas
MANAGEMENT, L.P.,) October 17, 2025
) 9:30 a.m. Docket
Reorganized Debtor.)

MARC KIRSCHNER, et al.,) **Adversary Proc. 21-3076-sgj**
)
Plaintiffs,) STATUS CONFERENCE
)
v.) MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
) INJUNCTION [379]
JAMES D. DONDERO, et al.,)
) MOTION TO COMPEL RE:
Defendants.) DISCOVERY [380]
)

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
BEFORE THE HONORABLE STACEY G.C. JERNIGAN,
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE.

APPEARANCES:

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1 DALLAS, TEXAS - OCTOBER 17, 2025 - 9:37 A.M.

2 THE CLERK: All rise. The United States Bankruptcy
3 Court for the Northern District of Texas, Dallas Division, is
4 now in session, the Honorable Stacey Jernigan presiding.

5 THE COURT: Good morning. Please be seated.

6 MS. DANDENEAU: Good morning.

7 MR. MCENTIRE: Good morning.

8 THE COURT: All right. We have some settings in a
9 Highland adversary proceeding, Adversary Proceeding 21-3076.
10 The calendar shows a couple of motions, but I think what we
11 all agreed to happen, through filings and communications with
12 my courtroom deputy, was for us to have a status conference,
13 and then we may or may not roll into the motions. I'll let
14 you all correct me if I have the wrong understanding. But
15 let's start by getting lawyers appearances.

16 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Thank you, Your Honor. I
17 believe Your Honor's recitation was correct. And this is
18 Deborah Deitsch-Perez. I represent NexPoint and HCMFA. I
19 will let the others --

20 THE COURT: Okay. Other appearances, please.

21 MS. DANDENEAU: Good morning, Your Honor. Debra
22 Dandeneau from Baker & McKenzie. I'm here on behalf of the
23 Individual Defendants, Scott Ellington and Isaac Leventon.

24 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

25 MS. RUHLAND: And good morning, Your Honor. I'm Amy

1 Ruhland from Pillsbury, and I'm here on behalf of Mr. Dondero,
2 Strand Advisors, GetGood Trust, and the Dugaboy Investment
3 Trust.

4 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

5 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Okay. And not to ignore the
6 others here, Mr. Aigen is here assisting, and Fred Jones,
7 paralegal.

8 THE COURT: Okay.

9 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: That accounts for the crowd.

10 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you all.

11 MR. MCENTIRE: Good morning, Your Honor. Sawnie
12 McEntire and Ian Salzer and Danielle Ball on behalf of
13 Plaintiff Hunter Mountain. We are here.

14 I would like to amend, at least make one comment in
15 response to your preliminary remarks.

16 THE COURT: Could you make sure you talk into the
17 microphone?

18 MR. MCENTIRE: I'll come up here.

19 THE COURT: Okay. Even better.

20 MR. MCENTIRE: We did agree to have a status
21 conference first. In fact, I think we've dedicated almost an
22 hour to address the issues that the Defendants wanted to
23 raise.

24 We had an understanding that we would have these motions
25 heard today, and we issued our notice of -- a notice of

1 scheduling accordingly. We were going to have the status
2 conference first. And I'll just say it's up to you if you
3 want to consider the motions, but it was our understanding
4 that the motions were set for today.

5 THE COURT: Okay. All right. I was a little
6 confused on the pleadings, but let me just ask. Is there
7 anyone on the video who wished to make an appearance?

8 (No response.)

9 THE COURT: All right. Well, let's then at least
10 begin with a scheduling conference, a status conference, and
11 then we'll to figure out if we're going to do more than that
12 as the discussion evolves.

13 So let me, just to make sure we are all on the same page
14 before we begin talking about scheduling orders, what may or
15 may not makes sense, let me just recap for the record where I
16 think we are, and then you will all correct me if you think I
17 got something wrong.

18 So, this adversary proceeding, of course, has been pending
19 since 2021. Early on, there were -- I was going to say there
20 were motions to withdraw the reference. Maybe it was just one
21 motion that multiple parties filed. But that was in January
22 2022. We had at least one motion to withdraw the reference.

23 This Court issued a Report and Recommendation to the
24 district court on April 6, 2022, recommending that the
25 district court -- and the district judge is Judge Scholer --

1 recommending that the trial, if ultimately occurring, should
2 happen in the district court because it did appear we had a
3 lot of noncore claims, parties who hadn't filed proofs of
4 claim or didn't have pending proofs of claim anymore who would
5 have jury trial rights.

6 So I recommended what I've said many times is sort of the
7 usual protocol in the Northern District of Texas when an
8 adversary proceeding has noncore claims and no consent, that
9 the district court can utilize the bankruptcy judge as a
10 magistrate and have the bankruptcy judge handle pretrial
11 matters, but anything that fully disposes of a claim, such as
12 maybe a motion for summary judgment or even a motion to
13 dismiss, the bankruptcy judge would do a Report and
14 Recommendation and let the district court have the final say-
15 so on that.

16 So that's where we were in April 2022. So that was before
17 Judge Scholer for a few months. And then a year later, April
18 of 2023 -- April 4th, to be exact -- this Court granted an
19 unopposed motion of the Litigation Trustee, who was the
20 Plaintiff still at that time, a motion to stay the adversary
21 proceeding. And the order contemplated everything would be
22 stayed except I think there was language in there saying the
23 parties still hoped that Judge Scholer might rule on the
24 Report and Recommendation.

25 But for whatever reason, the district court

1 administratively closed, abated her matter, her pending
2 action, and closed it up. And so it has been a closed matter
3 at the district court level for more than a couple of years.
4 All right. So I think that was perhaps September 30th, 2023
5 that the district court did what it did. But I'm not -- it
6 was 2023.

7 So this adversary proceeding has been stayed or abated,
8 obviously, for more than two years, but then we had the
9 settlement that was presented to this bankruptcy court
10 involving Hunter Mountain -- let's call them HMIT -- and the
11 Reorganized Debtor and the Litigation Trustee that involved a
12 lot of consideration back and forth. But one aspect of that
13 settlement would be that HMIT was receiving, as part of the
14 settlement, any of the claims or causes of action that had
15 belonged to the bankruptcy estate or the Reorganized Trust as
16 part of the settlement.

17 And so we had a contested hearing, the Court approved that
18 compromise and settlement, and thereafter, in September, we
19 had a hearing on a motion of HMIT to substitute in as
20 Plaintiff, and the Court granted that. It seemed like that
21 was consistent with the settlement that the Court already
22 approved. And so HMIT is now the party plaintiff in this
23 adversary proceeding.

24 So we had some discussion, obviously, when we were here on
25 September 3rd. I keep saying -- it was September 3rd, right?

1 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Yes.

2 THE COURT: About the possibility of these motions
3 being filed -- motion for TRO, motion for discovery, other
4 activity. And then we heard from some of the Defendants,
5 well, wait, the stay hadn't even been lifted, ended, in this
6 adversary proceeding because there's a process, there's a
7 process that was described in the Court's order way back in
8 2023 that any party who wanted the stay ended had to file a
9 notice of intent to lift stay and give intent of its intention
10 to go forward in the adversary. And that notice would provide
11 that the stay would lift upon the expiration of 30 days
12 following the notice.

13 So the notice was filed September 30th, and by my
14 calculation that means, October 3rd, the stay ended in this
15 adversary. So that's where we are.

16 And as we kind of discussed a little at that September 3rd
17 status conference, I thought the first order of business
18 needed to be this Court issuing a Supplemental Report and
19 Recommendation to Judge Scholer saying, guess what, the
20 abatement is over and life has changed in the following
21 respects with regard to the adversary proceeding. These
22 Defendants are no longer defendants. The Plaintiff, there's
23 been a substitution. And if I perceived any problem with
24 jurisdiction, I should report that to her. Alternatively, if
25 I perceived she should just take the whole entire adversary

1 proceeding, even pretrial matters, I should perhaps report on
2 that. Because, as we all noted, the adversary is a different
3 adversary in many respects.

4 So that's what I want to discuss first off the bat, what a
5 Supplemental Report and Recommendation to Judge Scholer ought
6 to say. And to help the discussion, I'll just tell you where
7 my brain is after reading some of the filings and after kind
8 of pondering this a bit. What my brain thinks is there is
9 probably still federal subject matter jurisdiction because of
10 the time-of-filing rule.

11 And I will tell you that I've been through this before
12 with a post-confirmation adversary proceeding, where I made a
13 recommendation, actually, that the adversary be remanded to
14 state court because it seemed to involve only state law claims
15 and causes of action, there was going to be zero impact on a
16 confirmed plan, the debtor, the reorganized debtor, wasn't
17 even in the lawsuit, the adversary, anymore. And it happened
18 to be Judge Brantley Starr in that matter. He said no. Time
19 of filing. You look at was there federal subject matter
20 jurisdiction at the time of filing.

21 But my second part is, upon my recommendation, he just
22 took the whole thing, because I felt like, what is the point
23 in the bankruptcy judge at this point having a role? There
24 could be efficiencies, but there wasn't going to be an impact
25 on creditor recovery or a confirmed plan.

1 Now, I know we have some nuance here where there are
2 appeals, maybe, that -- well, I don't know that anything could
3 really change with the plan at this point, except that
4 gatekeeper thing that I understand is on appeal, or petition
5 for writ of cert at the Supreme Court. But I don't even think
6 that, if anything was changed, would impact the plan.

7 So this has all been a long speech telling you that my
8 gut, after thinking about this some, is I should do a
9 Supplemental Report and Recommendation to Judge Scholer,
10 telling her it's unabated now, and I think she should know, in
11 reading the Report and Recommendation she never ruled on in
12 2023, life has changed in these following respects.

13 There was a chart, if I recall, in the original Report and
14 Recommendation, saying, here are the 21 counts, or whatever
15 the number is, I don't know, I think it was 30-something
16 counts, here are the 21 or so Defendants, and just giving a
17 revised, maybe redlined, chart, but then also updating on all
18 creditors have been provided for now in the plan. I know we
19 have one reserved claim.

20 And so this is really, to me, it's almost like a
21 shareholder derivative suit. I'm making that analogy because
22 we have a former 99.5 percent equity owner now asserting what
23 used to be claims, causes of action, belonging to the estate.
24 And we have, I think, several of what constituted the .5
25 percent equity owners as Defendants, as well as affiliates,

1 insiders.

2 So I'm inclined to say, just take the whole thing, Judge
3 Scholer. I'm a little bit worried about offending her,
4 because that's not the usual protocol, but this is not the
5 usual adversary. So that's what I'm thinking. So I think I
6 should start with the Plaintiffs.

7 MR. MCENTIRE: Thank you.

8 THE COURT: And maybe my speech wasn't necessary.
9 Maybe that's everything you all were going to argue about, at
10 least on --

11 MR. MCENTIRE: Your Honor, it was substantially
12 correct, --

13 THE COURT: Okay.

14 MR. MCENTIRE: -- except your conclusion. I'm just
15 joking.

16 THE COURT: Okay.

17 MR. MCENTIRE: I'd like to address your points.
18 First of all, the Court does have subject matter jurisdiction.
19 We agree. You have related-to jurisdiction. In your Report
20 and Recommendations, on Page 6 and 7, you did have a chart and
21 you went through and identified multiple -- mixed claims of
22 core and noncore claims. I think it's indisputable that you
23 have subject matter jurisdiction.

24 Then the issue becomes the withdrawal of the reference.

25 As you know, the settlement that was undertaken that you

1 approved had tremendous benefit to the estate. We brought
2 years and years and years of litigation to an end. Releases
3 were executed. It actually paved the way to a whole -- what
4 we think is a final resolution of the bankruptcy proceeding.
5 And so it had a tremendous benefit.

6 And as part of the consideration of that settlement, my
7 client received the assignment of the claims, whether you
8 describe it as a derivative action or otherwise. We hold them
9 individually at this point.

10 You are familiar with the parties. You are familiar with
11 the issues. You have heard evidence on many of these issues,
12 evidence that the United States District Court has not
13 considered. You are generally familiar with the so-called
14 Sentinel allegations. You expressed concerns about the
15 Sentinel allegations and the fact that it actually implicated
16 some potentially criminal behavior. You are very deeply
17 invested in the background information.

18 When we met back here, when you approved the settlement --
19 the substitution, excuse me, the substitution -- back in early
20 September, you did say that you were contemplating a
21 Supplemental Report. We agree with that, too. But I also
22 held nothing back. I made it very clear at the end of that
23 hearing, at the conclusion of that hearing, that we were
24 contemplating an emergency TRO and equitable relief. I wanted
25 to be very clear at that point.

1 We can't afford to do a do-over here, Your Honor. We
2 believe, and the public records actually reflect, that tens of
3 millions of dollars are being funneled out of, for instance,
4 Dugaboy, as we speak. Over a hundred million dollars in the
5 last year and a half or two years. Until now, Hunter Mountain
6 has never had standing to press these issues. So we find
7 ourselves where we filed a motion, even when the stay was
8 still in place, because we felt it was an emergency and we
9 thought that the Court had the authority, the power to hear
10 it, notwithstanding the stay, because we were not addressing
11 the merits of the claims, we were addressing the emergency
12 relief we were requesting.

13 You denied our request for expedited hearing and you
14 pushed it out after the stay was lifted. We immediately
15 issued a notice to lift stay on September 3rd, which makes the
16 stay lifted on October 3rd. Your date calculations were
17 correct. We wanted to move as quickly as we could. We wanted
18 October 10th as our hearing date, as quickly as we could,
19 because we do believe that money is being moved around.

20 The UBS case, by way of example, is now ripe for ruling.
21 Ms. Deitsch-Perez may disagree with me, but the Court has
22 taken it off the docket and is considering it on for
23 submission. And that is an over one billion dollars -- it's
24 one of the reasons -- it's not --

25 THE COURT: By the way, I don't know exactly what you

1 mean. I know that UBS, --

2 MR. MCENTIRE: Yes.

3 THE COURT: -- there's litigation in New York.

4 MR. MCENTIRE: It is. It's --

5 THE COURT: And there was for a long time before the
6 bankruptcy, and after plan confirmation, or they were allowed,
7 pursuant to a settlement with UBS, --

8 MR. MCENTIRE: Right.

9 THE COURT: -- to go forward. But I don't know.
10 Nobody reports to me what's happened in that litigation. I
11 think you had something in the exhibit notebook, --

12 MR. MCENTIRE: We did.

13 THE COURT: -- which I didn't know if I was going to
14 get to it today or not, --

15 MR. MCENTIRE: Sure.

16 THE COURT: -- so I have not looked at that exhibit.

17 MR. MCENTIRE: Let me put it in the context and why
18 it's relevant. It's relevant to the motivation of why money
19 is being moved so rapidly, because a decision is about to be
20 handed down, we believe, that implicates both Scott Ellington
21 and Jim Dondero. And very significant sums. And that's one
22 of the reasons why we believe an exigency exists, and that's
23 why we cannot afford to do a do-over in the United States
24 District Court.

25 So we've come to you and asked for emergency relief while

1 the stay was pending. You said no, we're going to put you off
2 until after the stay is lifted. We immediately issued the
3 notice of hearing for after the stay was lifted.

4 What they are asking for now in their briefing schedule
5 before you is another four -- three or four months of delay,
6 delay, when we think that we're being, as a Plaintiff who now
7 stands in the shoes of the Litigation Trustee, we're being
8 severely injured. And that's why we request and urge the
9 Court, do not immediately withdraw reference on all issues.
10 You have the authority to exercise your "magistrate-type"
11 authority.

12 They have never -- they being the Defendants, counsel --
13 have never taken any steps to remove the abatement in federal
14 court. So we're going through a whole series of new steps.

15 THE COURT: Why would a defendant want to do that?

16 MR. MCENTIRE: Well, --

17 THE COURT: I don't mean to be flippant, but --

18 MR. MCENTIRE: To bring the issue --

19 THE COURT: -- I'm just trying to fit that statement
20 into its significance.

21 MR. MCENTIRE: Well, I find it significant because if
22 they wanted -- if they wanted to get immediate relief on these
23 motions that they say they want to urge, that would be one
24 thing they would want to do.

25 But, rather, they --

1 THE COURT: What do you mean, the motions to dismiss
2 from way back when?

3 MR. MCENTIRE: Motions -- the motions to dismiss.

4 THE COURT: Okay.

5 MR. MCENTIRE: Which not have been ruled upon. So
6 they're all before the Court. And I think, frankly, fully
7 briefed.

8 THE COURT: Well, but -- well, okay. And just so
9 we're all clear, again, I've followed the usual protocol --

10 MR. MCENTIRE: Yeah.

11 THE COURT: -- with regard to those motions to
12 dismiss, where, as long as there's a Report and Recommendation
13 not ruled on --

14 MR. MCENTIRE: Yes.

15 THE COURT: -- by the district court, I tend not to
16 go ahead hear a motion to dismiss because, for all I know, the
17 district court may say no, I'm going to take the whole thing,
18 I'll hear that. And I don't want to interfere with that
19 prerogative of --

20 MR. MCENTIRE: Understood.

21 THE COURT: -- my boss, the district court, --

22 MR. MCENTIRE: Understood.

23 THE COURT: -- which is essentially what they are.

24 MR. MCENTIRE: But what we have here is we have an
25 application, a motion seeking emergency relief, emergency

1 discovery, and a request to set a preliminary injunction
2 hearing. And we cannot afford to start this whole process
3 over again. From a purely evidentiary perspective, we believe
4 we have evidence right now of what was happening.

5 And it's not -- our request for your rulings is not
6 addressing the merits of the underlying claims. So that's
7 something that could be preserved. This is to address an
8 interim remedy, which you have the authority to do.

9 THE COURT: And maybe we should go ahead and talk
10 about the next issue on my brain now, even though we haven't
11 talked about are we going to have the TRO hearing yet.

12 My initial reason for not setting the emergency hearing on
13 the TRO request was twofold. It was, one, I thought we needed
14 to get past October 3rd, when the abatement ceased. But I
15 also thought this was an extraordinary remedy. It's a pre-
16 judgment remedy. And I knew that couldn't happen on -- TROs,
17 they're always expedited, right? But when it's talking about
18 pre-judgment orders clamping down on assets of defendants, we
19 have to be clear, super-clear, there's authority to do that.
20 And I think part of it was also seeking appointment of a
21 receiver.

22 I need a lot of clarity. There's a Fifth Circuit case
23 from many years ago involving -- what was the name of the
24 case? It was Ondova and Netsphere and a fellow named Jeff
25 Baron, who was a former owner of the Chapter 11 debtor,

1 Ondova. And I had a Chapter 11 trustee in Ondova go to the
2 district court and ask for a receiver over Mr. Baron's assets
3 because he had assets all over the world and he was secreting
4 them and he was going to be liable to the estate for millions
5 of dollars. And that went up through the Fifth Circuit, and
6 the Fifth Circuit said, you can't get a receiver over an
7 individual if there's not a judgment against him yet.

8 So you may be arguing a different statute than perhaps was
9 argued there. But I'm just letting you know, I'm super -- I
10 don't know what the word is -- cautious on this.

11 MR. MCENTIRE: Sure.

12 THE COURT: And that was certainly part of my reason
13 for we're not going to do an expedited hearing on this. Do
14 you agree it's extraordinary relief?

15 MR. MCENTIRE: I think it's very extraordinary.

16 THE COURT: Okay.

17 MR. MCENTIRE: And so I understand all of your
18 concerns. And that's why this is a tiered process. It's a
19 staged process. We first have to get a TRO, and then we have
20 an evidentiary hearing, and that is when you would make the
21 determination of either a preliminary injunction or a
22 receiver, not today. That's not before the Court today.

23 But before the Court today is our request for emergency
24 discovery relief so we can get the depositions that we think
25 will take us past the red zone and into the end zone on

1 proving what we believe is occurring. And we believe we have
2 credible proof today before the Court, more than a *prima facie*
3 case, that establishes, even under relaxed standards, that we
4 have a right to a TRO.

5 And so with what happens here, I recognize your concern.
6 I respect your concern. But any further delay is simply going
7 to allow further movement of assets and funds. With each
8 passing day, with each passing week, we know entities have
9 been created this year; we know that as much as \$30 million
10 has moved or is about to move or already has moved outside of
11 the country; we have the court in New York that's about, we
12 believe, is likely to come down with a ruling.

13 And so the Defendants in this case -- NexPoint, Dugaboy,
14 Mr. Dondero in particular, Mr. Ellington -- have every
15 motivation in the world to keep moving assets. If I have a
16 do-over in the United States District Court, we're looking --
17 we're probably looking not until December or January to get
18 this thing -- get the thing unabated, you're going to have to
19 send your new Supplemental Report up, we're going to have to
20 get it unabated. And we're looking at months and months of
21 further delay.

22 We came before you, we filed it before you, because of
23 your history in the case and your knowledge of the parties and
24 the claims. There is efficiency here because of your
25 understanding and background. And I would request that you

1 hear our motions today.

2 Thank you.

3 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

4 Mr. Deitsch-Perez?

5 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Good morning, Your Honor.

6 THE COURT: Good morning.

7 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: You're absolutely right. This is
8 a very different case than it was when Marc Kirschner was
9 pursuing these claims for the benefit of the estate. And so
10 it is absolutely correct that you should -- and the district
11 court would be benefited by a new Report and Recommendation,
12 taking into account everything that has happened.

13 The only thing that we would suggest, to make your job
14 easier, is that you allow the parties to -- and you could put
15 page limits on it so we don't take up a lot of your time --
16 but allow the parties to give you some guidance on all of the
17 ways in which we think it's different.

18 Your reversal by Judge Starr may be -- may not really
19 governing be now because of the *Royal Canin* case, and if you
20 -- Ms. Dandeneau can speak a little bit more to the
21 jurisdictional issue.

22 THE COURT: I can't remember. What year was that?

23 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: This year.

24 THE COURT: Oh, it was this year?

25 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Yeah. Yeah.

1 THE COURT: Okay.

2 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Beginning of this year.

3 THE COURT: Okay.

4 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: So it is after your decision and
5 Judge Starr's decision. And so I think that makes a
6 difference.

7 And while I don't -- you certainly have your finger more
8 on the pulse of these bankruptcy jurisdictional issues
9 probably than anyone in this courtroom, but it would probably
10 be useful for us to put in a little bit of briefing to give
11 you the benefit of our thoughts so that you could give Judge
12 Scholer a new Report and Recommendation. We think that would
13 be useful.

14 And so we think at least the motion to withdraw the
15 reference should be briefed so that you can give a report to
16 Judge Scholer so we know where this case is going, or if, in
17 fact, you or she thinks there's even jurisdiction anymore in
18 these circumstances. Because while Hunter Mountain refers to
19 itself as the former equity, right now they're actually in the
20 position of John Smith. John Smith bought some claims in the
21 bankruptcy. They were assigned them. They're not the Debtor.
22 They're not these estate. They're not even really pursuing
23 these in their capacity as former equity. They're just a
24 claims holder.

25 And just, you know, Mr. McEntire has said a lot about his

1 concerns, but I think if you read all of the papers, what's
2 really clear here is this offshore issue is very different
3 than what they're talking about. What's happening here, and
4 you've seen this from other things before you, is Hunter
5 Mountain, Mr. Patrick, has made off with \$270 million of funds
6 that were supposed to be for charities. And he knows and the
7 papers show Mr. Dondero is, through an entity, funding the
8 charities so the charities don't have to go out of pocket to
9 try and get their money back. And he is desperate to stop
10 that.

11 So Mr. McEntire said, oh, there are hundreds of millions
12 of dollars that are leaving. No. This is not a case like
13 *Stanford*, where there was a Ponzi scheme and there was really
14 money disappearing. They've pointed the evidence in the
15 record, if you can call it that, is a couple million dollars
16 of money spent on actual services, goods and services. That
17 is not hiding things.

18 And I'm getting ahead of myself, I'm sure, but I'm
19 responding to what Mr. McEntire said. The whole issue about
20 New York, that New York case has been pending since, in one
21 form or another, since 2008. The current issues here, UBS,
22 represented by Latham, no shrinking violets there, they've
23 been pursuing this for years without seeking a TRO or an
24 attachment or pre-judgment anything.

25 And in fact, they touted the fact that there was going to

1 be a September 22nd argument and that was really important.
2 It wasn't the trial. It was an argument. And if he had
3 bothered to read the opinion that the judge had written before
4 that, it was likely going to be an argument on, okay, which
5 issues -- which things are there an issue of fact on? Because
6 she denied our motion to dismiss, saying there were issues of
7 fact.

8 Well, issues of fact doesn't mean there is going to be an
9 imminent judgment against someone for a billion dollars. It
10 means there has to be a trial. Except that she also said at
11 the end of the opinion, UBS ought to be really careful about
12 what it wishes for. Because UBS was saying there should be no
13 discovery.

14 It chose this particular procedure. Not a plenary action,
15 but a very narrow procedure in New York, and so it needed to
16 put into its papers every single fact and piece of evidence it
17 needed to win.

18 And so, you know, we can speculate about what it means
19 that it went off calendar.

20 THE COURT: And I don't mean to get too off topic,
21 but I think it is on topic.

22 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Yeah.

23 THE COURT: Again, I have not seen what is currently
24 going on with UBS in New York. So I remember they got --

25 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Right. There's no emergency.

1 THE COURT: -- the big judgment, over a billion-
2 dollar judgment, --

3 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Uh-huh.

4 THE COURT: -- against affiliates of Highland many
5 years ago. And then the bankruptcy was filed. They couldn't
6 go against Highland.

7 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Uh-huh.

8 THE COURT: But again, pursuant to a settlement of
9 their claims, they got certain claims or rights that otherwise
10 might have belonged to Highland. I assume what you're talking
11 about now is they're trying to chase down assets regarding
12 that Sentinel transaction --

13 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Ah.

14 THE COURT: -- as part of trying to collect on their
15 judgment against affiliates?

16 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Let me explain.

17 THE COURT: Okay.

18 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: It's sort of -- the Sentinel
19 money, they've recovered already. They got that. They did
20 something with Sentinel. Sentinel still has to exist because
21 it still is subject to discovery and requests and all kinds of
22 things. So that's why the Defendants are paying to keep it
23 alive.

24 But all that's going on in New York now, because that part
25 was paid, is they're seeking to take that billion-dollar

1 judgment against funds that collapsed because of the 2008
2 financial crisis, they're trying to take that and make Mr.
3 Dondero and Mr. Ellington, who was not even general counsel at
4 the time, he was some low-level lawyer, trying to get them to
5 pay that billion dollars.

6 THE COURT: Okay. They're trying to pierce the
7 corporate veil and --

8 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: They are trying to, like, triple-
9 pierce.

10 THE COURT: -- hold them personally accountable?
11 Okay. So, see, I just --

12 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Right.

13 THE COURT: I want you all to know there's really no
14 reason for me --

15 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Right.

16 THE COURT: -- to be paying attention to that, so I
17 haven't been.

18 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: So, but that's by long way of
19 saying to say there's an imminent risk of a billion-dollar
20 judgment being issued against Mr. Dondero is ludicrous. There
21 are things you could speculate from the fact that the judge
22 took the oral argument on what we ought to be doing, how we
23 should structure it going forward. There are different ways
24 you could speculate about that. It could mean that she said
25 --

1 THE COURT: So she has under advisement a what type
2 of motion?

3 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: That's what's completely unclear.
4 She just said, Come in and argue.

5 We moved to dismiss.

6 THE COURT: Okay.

7 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: The Defendants moved to dismiss.

8 THE COURT: Okay.

9 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: She denied the motion to dismiss,
10 saying there are issues of fact here. So I can't dismiss, but
11 there are issues of fact.

12 We asked for discovery. She said, you can't have
13 discovery now. Let me think about it.

14 Then she said, without telling us what it was for, she
15 said, Come in and have an argument.

16 We assumed that it was to sort of set out, okay, what
17 things -- which of these allegations do I think there's a fact
18 issue on and have to be tried? And then depending on what
19 they are, I may or may not give you discovery on those.
20 That's what we prepared to go in and argue.

21 She took it off calendar. That could mean a couple of
22 things. It surely doesn't mean she's about to issue a
23 billion-dollar judgment, when she just said there were fact
24 issues. So it could mean she's decided, I don't need to hear
25 anymore from the lawyers, they've already told me this ad

1 *nauseam*, I'm just going to write an opinion and tell them --
2 a scheduling order and tell them what I want to do, and we'll
3 see them in a year for trial.

4 Or -- and this is my personal favorite speculation -- she
5 said, you know what, I told them, I told UBS that if they
6 chose this procedure, they had to put in every fact in the
7 petition and the attachments. And if there were issues of
8 fact, that means they haven't satisfied that burden. My hope
9 is that she's going to write an opinion saying, I'm granting
10 summary judgment to Dondero and Ellington because UBS did not
11 meet the burden of the procedure it chose.

12 But in any event, for Mr. McEntire, who's not remotely
13 involved in that proceeding anymore, to come in and say, oh,
14 there's about to be a billion-dollar judgment and that's a
15 justification for a TRO, is laughable.

16 And then he comes up here and says to you, with a
17 straight face, hundreds of millions of dollars have been
18 transferred. There's nothing in this record on that. And
19 that's speculation in his head. And you don't get a TRO or
20 discovery because you're speculating about what someone might
21 do.

22 Let's look at what this case is. Highland is about to be
23 a hundred-cent-on-the-dollar case for the unsecured
24 creditors. How often does that happen? So what does that
25 tell you about whether or not these parties leave assets in

1 the bucket? They do. And if you go look on the public
2 website for NexPoint, for example, my client, NexPoint, they
3 have \$17 billion under advisement with a billion dollars of
4 their own in that fund.

5 These are not -- this is not like *Stanford* or any of
6 those other cases they cite. There's not a single, solitary
7 case that they cite where a plaintiff seeking money damages
8 who has not -- who is not seeking to freeze the very assets
9 at issue or has proven that there is no money to pay the
10 plaintiff if they prevail, there is not a single, solitary
11 case that they cite that would grant a TRO or discovery in
12 these circumstances.

13 I'm getting ahead of myself because I don't think Your
14 Honor should hear the motions because you're absolutely
15 right, there are serious issues about jurisdiction in light
16 of *Royal Canin*, which is subsequent to Your Honor's case, and
17 there are serious issues about whether the case should be
18 here or in the district court.

19 And I know you probably feel bad about dumping a big case
20 on Judge Scholer. It must be tough to be in that position,
21 because she's not going to like it. But she might not hate
22 it because, if you recall, there are pretty good -- there's a
23 good motion to dismiss. And so this may not be the big ball
24 of wax it appears to be. The transactions -- if, in fact,
25 Hunter Mountain persists in saying it's not amending its

1 complaint, even though the facts it relies on in its motion
2 are nowhere in the amended complaint, but if it's saying
3 we're sticking with the amended complaint, those are
4 transactions from years and years and years and years ago.
5 And so there are very serious statute of limitations issues
6 that are exacerbated now, which is why, if it comes to it,
7 we'll want to do new motions to dismiss, because Mr.
8 Kirschner was relying on the golden creditor rule, which is
9 really special -- which is controversial to begin with and
10 special for an estate. And so now that John Smith is the
11 Plaintiff, effectively, it shouldn't apply and there
12 shouldn't be a claim that survives.

13 Is there anything else you'd like to know about, or would
14 you like to know more about jurisdiction, because Ms.
15 Dandeneau, who's much more expert than I am, could address
16 that further?

17 THE COURT: Well, I think that would be useful,
18 because I've told you all what my frame of mind was, that
19 time-of-filing rule probably applied here and subject matter
20 jurisdiction was not, poof, gone.

21 But, again, I just feel like, since there's no really
22 impact on creditors or a plan at this point, that it would
23 make more sense to ask, recommend to Judge Scholer, just take
24 the whole thing at this point.

25 So it sounds like -- you had said that you all would like

1 to do more briefing on that. I guess what I'm inclined to do
2 is I could do a Supplemental Report and Recommendation maybe
3 today. I'm not going to promise that. Things always take
4 longer than you think. But in days, anyway. And then you
5 all would have the ability to object to that Supplemental
6 Report and Recommendation and make your arguments, no, we
7 don't think the time-of-filing rule applies, and they could
8 respond yes, it does, and --

9 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Can I make one comment on that?

10 THE COURT: Uh-huh.

11 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: I think you underestimate your
12 influence with Judge Scholer. And so we would rather take a
13 shot at explaining to you why we think there's no
14 jurisdiction, so if you agree with us you can tell her that.
15 I think that -- so if you don't have the benefit of that
16 insight, hmmm, and come out differently, I think that will
17 weigh heavily on the scales, and you might think differently
18 after you see the briefing.

19 So we can do it faster than we proposed in the status
20 memo.

21 THE COURT: Yes, I --

22 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Because we had proposed November
23 18, December 18, and January 9th, but that's because we were
24 thinking we would be doing both the motion to withdraw the
25 reference and the motion to dismiss.

1 If you'd want to give us shorter deadlines on that, I am
2 sure we could accommodate that.

3 THE COURT: Okay. We'll talk about that once we're
4 --

5 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Okay. And --

6 THE COURT: -- done here and figure out what we're
7 going to do.

8 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Okay. And my last comment is --
9 although maybe I'm stealing Ms. Dandeneau's thunder, because
10 she gave me this point -- just in terms of efficiencies, you
11 know, Mr. McEntire was saying there was some efficiency in
12 being here, even though you haven't heard about this case for
13 four years. There is less efficiency if it stayed here
14 because obviously you would be doing a Report and
15 Recommendation and then the district judge would have to be
16 deciding it. So that's a known inefficiency by proceeding
17 here. But I will now --

18 THE COURT: The jurisdictional ping-pong, as we
19 sometimes call it.

20 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: Yes.

21 THE COURT: Okay.

22 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: So I will now cede the floor.

23 THE COURT: All right. Ms. Dandeneau?

24 MS. DANDENEAU: Good morning again, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Good morning.

1 MS. DANDENEAU: For the record, Debra Dandeneau from
2 Baker & McKenzie, and I represent Mr. Ellington and Mr.
3 Leventon.

4 Your Honor, I'm not sure that there's that much I need --
5 I have to add to this conversation. I do think, with respect
6 to the case -- which, again, I call *Royal "Canine"* because it
7 is a pet food company -- I do think it is worth at a minimum
8 Your Honor taking a look at that decision. Recognize that we
9 always felt it was a -- we felt that there was no post-
10 confirmation jurisdiction even when Mr. Kirschner was pursuing
11 that. We know that Your Honor disagreed with that. But
12 certainly there is this very well-developed concept in the
13 bankruptcy world at some time you have to cut -- at some point
14 you have to cut the cord. At some point, you cannot keep
15 coming back to the bankruptcy court to have the bankruptcy
16 court solve all the problems, and that's even when a debtor is
17 pursuing matters or when there is maybe potentially an effect
18 on distributions to creditors.

19 And as Your Honor noted, we're not there anymore. We
20 believe that this, especially in light of *Royal Canin*, changes
21 -- that the whole dynamics are changed. We're talking about a
22 proceeding that is exclusively among nondebtors. There is no
23 -- it's as if there was a party who purchased in a 363 sale
24 some kind of asset wanting to come to the bankruptcy court to
25 bring an action to -- because it now is the holder of that

1 asset.

2 And so, Your Honor, in *Royal Canin*, they basically said a
3 new -- you can -- and admittedly, in that -- in that
4 situation, what happened was the plaintiff amended the
5 complaint to take away causes of action so that -- and keep --
6 because they wanted to be out of federal district -- they
7 wanted to be out of federal court, they took away all the
8 federal court causes of action. And the Court said, an
9 amendment to the complaint, and also referred to including a
10 new plaintiff, changes, resets the table.

11 That's what we're seeing here. They have one little
12 footnote that says, unless the entity is a successor in -- you
13 know, a successor in interest and basically referred to a case
14 which is very different. It was somebody that was a
15 statutory, a legal successor in interest, not by virtue of any
16 kind of independent action of acquiring rights from somebody
17 else.

18 And so that's why we think it's very important for Your
19 Honor to consider, because it does change the table. If
20 that's correct, there may be -- there may -- the Court may
21 decide, and not your issue to decide, but the district court
22 may also decide, in that light, maybe there's no --
23 essentially, if there was no bankruptcy court jurisdiction, if
24 we find that, maybe that whole case has to be dismissed on
25 that basis.

1 And so we do think it's a significant issue, and that's
2 why, Your Honor, we would -- we're happy to do whatever is
3 easier for you.

4 THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to drill down a little
5 more --

6 MS. DANDENEAU: Yes.

7 THE COURT: -- on the *Royal Canin* case, because I
8 have not gone back and read it. I've just read descriptions.
9 Are you saying that it basically upsets the doctrine of time
10 of filing? I mean, that's a doctrine, it's been called
11 hornbook law.

12 MS. DANDENEAU: I know.

13 THE COURT: And I'm just surprised I haven't seen
14 4,000 articles about *Royal Canin* if it really upsets a
15 doctrine that's --

16 MS. DANDENEAU: It is certainly our --

17 THE COURT: -- hundreds of years old, maybe.

18 MS. DANDENEAU: It is certainly our view, Your Honor,
19 because the Court, which often doesn't really go beyond the
20 very specific facts before it, as we know in many cases, but
21 specifically said if there's a -- if there's a new plaintiff,
22 if there's -- we reassess the jurisdictional basis. And that
23 wasn't even the case before -- that wasn't even the case
24 before it.

25 So I do believe that that is a -- it was a big statement

1 by the Supreme Court about how we should take a look at the
2 time-of-filing rule.

3 THE COURT: Okay. And just to recap the facts there,
4 I can't remember what the substantive claims were, but you
5 said there were federal claims --

6 MS. DANDENEAU: Right.

7 THE COURT: -- that had been dismissed?

8 MS. DANDENEAU: Right.

9 THE COURT: An amended complaint was filed, and it
10 deleted the federal claims?

11 MS. DANDENEAU: Correct. It deleted the federal
12 claims. And so -- because the defendant had essentially
13 withdrawn the case to federal court, would prefer to be in
14 federal court rather than the state court. So as soon as it
15 was before the federal court, then the plaintiff was like,
16 hmm, I don't need these federal claims, I'm going to take the
17 federal claims away.

18 And, of course, the defendant tried to argue, well, there
19 was jurisdiction in the federal court before, so that's why we
20 should stay in the federal court. And that was the issue that
21 went up to the Supreme Court, and the Supreme Court said,
22 nope, it's now amended, those claims are gone, and so now we
23 have to reassess the jurisdiction.

24 THE COURT: Okay. Well, I do plan to read it. My
25 law clerk just handed it to me. I'm not going to make you sit

1 and wait for me to read it. But thank you. And anything
2 different you want to say about --

3 MS. DANDENEAU: No, Your Honor.

4 THE COURT: -- the scheduling and --

5 MS. DANDENEAU: No, Your Honor. Again, I do think,
6 if it's helpful to Your Honor, we would appreciate the
7 opportunity to give you our position on *Royal Canin*, and also
8 why, this little footnote that you'll find in there that talks
9 about a successor in interest, why, under the circumstances of
10 this case, Hunter Mountain should not be considered to be a
11 successor in interest to the Litigation Trustee. I mean,
12 among other things. As you may recall, we discussed at the
13 last conference before Your Honor, Hunter Mountain
14 specifically did not step into the shoes in terms of privilege
15 and other issues. I'm not even sure if he has access to the
16 discovery materials that the Debtor had, that Mr. Kirschner
17 had in this action.

18 So we would -- that's why we would welcome the opportunity
19 to provide a little bit more background on our views, and of
20 course have Hunter Mountain provide its views on that. But,
21 again, we want to do what's helpful for Your Honor.

22 THE COURT: Okay. It's Footnote 6, according to my
23 law clerk.

24 MS. DANDENEAU: Oh. I wasn't thinking that *Royal*
25 *Canin* was going to be like a big issue today, so I don't have

1 it with me. I apologize.

2 THE COURT: Well, we'll see where we need to go on
3 that.

4 MS. DANDENEAU: Okay.

5 THE COURT: All right.

6 MS. DANDENEAU: Thank you, Your Honor.

7 THE COURT: Ms. Ruhland, did you want to say
8 anything?

9 MS. RUHLAND: No, Your Honor. They've covered
10 everything, at least for purposes of the status conference.
11 And there may be a couple of issues I want to weigh in on
12 behalf of my clients a little bit later in the hearing if we
13 get to those issues.

14 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. All right.

15 MR. MCENTIRE: May I? I have a few brief --

16 THE COURT: Well, I'll hear further from you on -- I
17 guess we're really still talking about this notion of a
18 Supplemental Report and Recommendation, and do I allow
19 additional briefing before I prepare one.

20 MR. MCENTIRE: Could you -- can we have access to the
21 PowerPoint, the system real quick?

22 THE COURT: Oh.

23 MR. MCENTIRE: I just want to put a slide up.

24 THE COURT: Okay.

25 MR. MCENTIRE: Just one.

1 (Pause.)

2 MR. MCENTIRE: We have a fundamental disagreement
3 over what the *Royal Canin* case says. And I really think that
4 the way it's written supports our interpretation. And I would
5 encourage the Court to look specifically at Footnote #6 on
6 Page 37 of the case, where it adopts the *Freeport-McMoRan*
7 case, which is a first-filed case. And it cites the
8 proposition, and I'll read it: The general rule does not
9 apply where an amendment merely substitutes a successor-in-
10 interest for the first-named defendant. In that situation,
11 the former steps into the latter's shoe, and the diversity
12 jurisdiction founded on the initial complaint thus continues.

13 This is not a reset table. We substituted in under Rule
14 25. Nothing changed. This case does not upset existing
15 extant Fifth Circuit authority in the *Double Eagle* case, which
16 is a case on all pars with our situation. Jurisdiction stays.
17 In that case, the debtor assigned it to a creditor, and the
18 creditor took the assignment of the claims, and the first-
19 filed rule applied and jurisdiction retained. And it was
20 related-to jurisdiction.

21 So that was the *Double Eagle* case. And that actually
22 superseded cases that they had cited in their original
23 briefing.

24 So we feel very strongly that the Court has jurisdiction.
25 I don't think further briefing is really necessary. Again,

1 I'm concerned about the delays, because all this does is
2 foster delay with delay.

3 There's been a lot of rhetoric in this room today. My
4 motion is supported by evidence. Verified petition. I mean,
5 verified motion. And what I heard Ms. Deitsch-Perez say is,
6 well, it's just not ripe. Or she provided explanations. But
7 there's no proof of that.

8 What's before the Court is a verified motion for a
9 temporary restraining order, which the Court may and we ask
10 should consider today.

11 I would also like to make another point.

12 THE COURT: And I want to go to that.

13 MR. MCENTIRE: Sure.

14 THE COURT: Again, part of what I need to do here is
15 understand, appreciate, whether there might be something that
16 is really immediate and irreparable harm, where a court just
17 should weigh in immediately, even with these questions
18 swirling around about jurisdiction and district court/
19 bankruptcy court.

20 Again, I didn't know where we were going to go today, so I
21 didn't look at the evidence yet because I want to wait and do
22 that when it's appropriate, and I don't know if it's
23 appropriate today or later.

24 But tell me, what is the threat of immediate and
25 irreparable harm and what is your evidence on that?

1 MR. MCENTIRE: We have a tape recording we've
2 referred to that suggests that up to --

3 THE COURT: A tape recording?

4 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: There is no tape recording
5 submitted into evidence, and if it's an illegal wiretap it's
6 not admissible. Mr. Patrick has not been at Skyview for more
7 than a year.

8 MR. MCENTIRE: Well, --

9 THE COURT: Okay. Well, illegal wiretap, that has --

10 MR. MCENTIRE: This has nothing to do with --

11 THE COURT: That's sensational, but we do know what
12 the rule is in Texas, --

13 MR. MCENTIRE: There's no --

14 THE COURT: -- only one person has to consent, --

15 MR. MCENTIRE: This --

16 THE COURT: -- which is a little bit surprising. But
17 anyway, --

18 MR. MCENTIRE: There's no illegal wiretap.

19 THE COURT: Okay.

20 MR. MCENTIRE: This was done by a third party, and we
21 obtained a copy of it. Mr. Patrick was not even involved.

22 And --

23 THE COURT: Okay. Well, let's stop right now. Just
24 describe to me what --

25 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: It's not --

1 THE COURT: -- not what the evidence is; what is the
2 threat of immediate and irreparable harm?

3 MR. MCENTIRE: Okay.

4 THE COURT: I need to be clear.

5 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: The -- the --

6 MR. MCENTIRE: The threat of immediate --

7 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: It's not in the record. They've
8 -- they've said it --

9 THE COURT: There's no tape in the record?

10 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: There's no tape in the record.

11 THE COURT: Okay. So I don't want to hear about the
12 tape. Just tell me what the threat --

13 MR. MCENTIRE: If I could please, just let me finish
14 my comment.

15 THE COURT: Okay. Everybody, let's be calm.

16 MR. MCENTIRE: Sure.

17 THE COURT: Without referring to the tape, because
18 you don't have it here today if I did go forward on the motion
19 for TRO, --

20 MR. MCENTIRE: I have verified pleadings, Your Honor.
21 I have verified pleadings that discusses all of my evidence.

22 THE COURT: Okay. Okay, Ms. Deitsch-Perez, just a
23 moment.

24 MR. MCENTIRE: Okay.

25 THE COURT: Pleadings aren't evidence. So I want to

1 know, what do you have evidence of that you think demonstrates
2 immediate and irreparable harm?

3 MR. MCENTIRE: Well, first of all, the allegations
4 that are verified in a complaint or a petition are evidence.
5 Hearsay is admissible for purposes of --

6 THE COURT: No, I know.

7 MR. MCENTIRE: -- for a TRO.

8 THE COURT: A verified document.

9 MR. MCENTIRE: That is correct.

10 THE COURT: An affidavit, a declaration. Yes, that
11 is evidence.

12 MR. MCENTIRE: That is. And we --

13 THE COURT: But --

14 MR. MCENTIRE: We --

15 THE COURT: But I --

16 MR. MCENTIRE: Go ahead. I'm sorry.

17 THE COURT: What does that reflect?

18 MR. MCENTIRE: The verification reflects that -- that
19 Mr. Patrick was approached by Mr. Dondero. Mr. Dondero told
20 him he wanted to take some money and put it back into the
21 Sentinel structure to keep it going. Mr. Patrick refused.
22 Later that same -- within in a matter of days, over \$7 million
23 was funneled out to various entities, some of which went
24 directly to Sentinel. We understand all that went to -- in
25 connection with Sentinel.

1 THE COURT: Okay.

2 MR. MCENTIRE: That's a verified allegation.

3 THE COURT: And time frame?

4 MR. MCENTIRE: That was in late '23, 24. We just
5 found --

6 THE COURT: Now, see, this is -- and I will just tell
7 you, this is another thought flowing through my head --

8 MR. MCENTIRE: Sure.

9 THE COURT: -- with regard to this TRO request.
10 Remember I told you first was I knew I shouldn't do a hearing
11 before October 3rd because of the 30-day stay. And then the
12 next thing was I had concern should the bankruptcy judge be
13 doing it as opposed to the district judge.

14 But then here's the third thing: This has been pending,
15 this lawsuit, for four years, and now there's immediate and
16 irreparable harm? I mean, we're talking about something that
17 --

18 MR. MCENTIRE: We, no, --

19 THE COURT: -- happened two years ago.

20 MR. MCENTIRE: No, we have evidence that the --

21 THE COURT: What is that saying about --

22 MR. MCENTIRE: We have evidence that --

23 THE COURT: -- that ship has sailed?

24 MR. MCENTIRE: We have evidence that, again, we have
25 evidence of more recent activities, even this year.

1 First of all, Hunter Mountain. Hunter Mountain was not
2 the Plaintiff until less than 30-45 days ago.

3 THE COURT: I know. It was the Defendant.

4 MR. MCENTIRE: It was a --

5 THE COURT: A Defendant.

6 MR. MCENTIRE: A Defendant. And we had no standing
7 to bring these issues. So we are here today --

8 THE COURT: What does that mean, you had no standing?

9 MR. MCENTIRE: Well, we weren't the Plaintiff.

10 THE COURT: You had no motivation, but --

11 MR. MCENTIRE: Certainly, --

12 THE COURT: -- you had standing.

13 MR. MCENTIRE: -- I'll -- motivation may be an
14 accurate description.

15 THE COURT: Uh-huh.

16 MR. MCENTIRE: There was not a reason for us to bring
17 it forward at that time. We are not a Plaintiff. We've
18 inherited these claims. We've purchased these claims through
19 a negotiated settlement. We want to protect the integrity of
20 these proceedings.

21 Some of the activities that we describe are also --
22 occurred in 2025, as recently as April of this year. New
23 corporations are being set up. We understand that up to \$30
24 million --

25 THE COURT: And, again, I really don't want to sound

1 dismissive, but I've been hearing for years about new
2 corporations. It was sort of the --

3 MR. MCENTIRE: Right.

4 THE COURT: I don't know if business model is the
5 right thing to say. I mean, there were, I heard many times,
6 2,000 entities in the Highland umbrella of companies. Whether
7 that number was a hundred percent accurate, I'll maybe never
8 know, but I've been hearing that from lawyers for years.

9 MR. MCENTIRE: Okay.

10 THE COURT: So, new corporations are being set up.

11 MR. MCENTIRE: This is --

12 THE COURT: That may be sinister or it may not be.
13 Is there a threat of immediate and irreparable harm such that
14 I should enter an extraordinary remedy? I'd better have some
15 --

16 MR. MCENTIRE: The threat of a --

17 THE COURT: -- pretty strong evidence.

18 MR. MCENTIRE: Understood. So what we have here is a
19 situation where we are confident you have jurisdiction. We
20 have here a situation where we are confident that you made the
21 correct ruling on your recommendation, your Report and
22 Recommendations, and that the reference should not be
23 withdrawn.

24 The table has not been reset, as Ms. Dandeneau suggested.
25 It's the same table. We did not add any new causes of action.

1 We have not amended the complaint to add new causes of action.
2 All the additional so-called claims are nothing more other
3 than to support an equitable remedy. The first-filed rule
4 still applies. You have jurisdiction. You have the authority
5 to move forward.

6 And accordingly, we would like you to consider the
7 evidence that we have attached into our memorandum and which
8 we have incorporated into our verified complaint to consider a
9 TRO today. And that would be our request.

10 The last thing I want to do is talk about the UBS matter
11 very quickly. I was also involved in that case.

12 THE COURT: Representing whom?

13 MR. MCENTIRE: CLOH. My client was dismissed on a
14 jurisdictional grounds. So I do have a familiarity. And I
15 want to take all of the speculation out of the equation.
16 Several things have happened. That is a -- this is called a
17 summary proceeding. It's akin to a summary judgment.

18 THE COURT: That's a procedure, but what is the
19 underlying either cause of action or remedy?

20 MR. MCENTIRE: The causes of action are --

21 THE COURT: Or remedy?

22 MR. MCENTIRE: -- fraudulent transfer. Fraudulent
23 transfers, piercing the corporate veil. Mr. Dondero and Mr.
24 Ellington are being -- the allegations are that they -- that
25 they're basically alter egos and that they are liable for all

1 of the fraudulent transfers. And --

2 THE COURT: And fraud -- alter egos of which
3 entities?

4 MR. MCENTIRE: Of when Mr. Dondero was operating
5 Highland. And they -- as part of the Sentinel program,
6 insurance program, they set up the bogus insurance company --

7 THE COURT: Well, --

8 MR. MCENTIRE: -- to start moving money out.

9 THE COURT: Okay. Again, maybe I'm getting bogged
10 down here, but there were two nondebtor Highland affiliates
11 that were judgment debtors. And I can't even remember the
12 names now. And so is the argument that they made fraudulent
13 transfers --

14 MR. MCENTIRE: Yes.

15 THE COURT: -- or Highland?

16 MR. MCENTIRE: Both. Well, that's the -- the
17 affiliates also made fraudulent transfers. There are
18 allegations to that effect as well, --

19 THE COURT: Okay.

20 MR. MCENTIRE: -- involving a --

21 THE COURT: But this has to -- well, so the argument
22 is Mr. Dondero and Mr. Ellington were alter egos of those two
23 nondebtor affiliates?

24 MR. MCENTIRE: Of those entities. Yes.

25 THE COURT: Okay. Well, --

1 MR. MCENTIRE: Let me -- let me finish. They moved
2 to dismiss the matter, saying that the alter ego liability did
3 not exist. That was denied. They wanted to do discovery.
4 That was denied.

5 The hearing, as I understand it, was scheduled to be a
6 dispositive hearing on the 22nd or the 29th of September.
7 That docket entry was removed. The Court now has that under
8 submission.

9 THE COURT: Probably because this is intensely
10 factual, right?

11 MR. MCENTIRE: I'm sorry?

12 THE COURT: I'm guessing that the motions thus far
13 have to have been denied because it's all factually intensive.

14 MR. MCENTIRE: Their motion to dismiss was denied.
15 I'm trying to recall the specific grounds. I don't recall the
16 --

17 THE COURT: Ms. Deitsch-Perez?

18 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: It was denied because there were
19 issues of fact. And --

20 MR. MCENTIRE: And they're not entitled to do
21 discovery, Your Honor.

22 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: No. What she said is it was
23 premature.

24 THE COURT: Okay.

25 MS. DEITSCH-PEREZ: And it's up on -- and in New

1 York, you can bring interlocutory appeals, and they're very
2 common, so --

3 THE COURT: Okay. I do know about that from --

4 MR. MCENTIRE: And the appeal is underway, but she
5 did not stay the case. So she has the authority to make a
6 ruling tomorrow. The case is not stayed.

7 THE COURT: Okay. Again, I'm just, I'm drilling down
8 here because I want to know, do we have an emergency to
9 justify a TRO hearing sooner rather than later, or not?

10 MR. MCENTIRE: Well, --

11 THE COURT: My reaction to all of this is there is no
12 way an alter ego ruling is going to be made any time in the
13 near future. I mean, those are, again, so fact-intensive.
14 And then layer on top of that the ability for an interlocutory
15 appeal. I --

16 MR. MCENTIRE: It's on appeal now. But she has
17 refused to stay the case. The case has not been stayed. So
18 she has the authority to make a dispositive ruling any day.

19 THE COURT: Well, I'm talking about that ruling she
20 might make would then be subject to an interlocutory appeal.

21 MR. MCENTIRE: It would.

22 THE COURT: So --

23 MR. MCENTIRE: The concern is this. I'm not here --
24 let's try to get this --

25 THE COURT: I mean, what are you worried about?

1 MR. MCENTIRE: I'm trying to get the train back on
2 the --

3 THE COURT: Are you worried about UBS getting assets
4 --

5 MR. MCENTIRE: No.

6 THE COURT: -- sooner than --

7 MR. MCENTIRE: The fact --

8 THE COURT: -- Hunter Mountain, --

9 MR. MCENTIRE: No. No.

10 THE COURT: -- if it prevails at the end of the day,
11 or --

12 MR. MCENTIRE: Although that is a concern, that's not
13 why I'm here.

14 THE COURT: Okay.

15 MR. MCENTIRE: I am concerned here because it
16 provides the motivation for the movement of money, because
17 that is a robust lawsuit up there. And it's robust and it's
18 ripe for ruling. And --

19 THE COURT: Okay. Is this not a complicated
20 question, though, whether I can, going back to the very
21 beginning, impose a TRO that is essentially a pre-judgment
22 remedy of an extraordinary nature, almost like freezing the
23 assets of Defendants who have not had their day in court?
24 And I'm trying to think back. I know there is a tool in
25 TUFTA, and I don't know if we're talking about TUFTA or DUFTA.

1 It's probably not that different. But there is a tool, when
2 you're talking about fraudulent transfers, because that's some
3 of what we're talking about in this adversary, there's a tool
4 to allow the trial court to enter the pre-judgment remedy to
5 keep -- what I have always perceived it to mean, if we're
6 talking about an asset, a certain -- a closet full of gold, if
7 you're thinking there was a fraudulent transfer away from a
8 debtor of a block of gold, --

9 MR. MCENTIRE: I understand.

10 THE COURT: -- and you think -- and you can show
11 likelihood of success on the merits, this was a slam-dunk
12 fraudulent transfer and he's about to transfer it to his safe
13 in the Cayman Islands, --

14 MR. MCENTIRE: I understand.

15 THE COURT: -- isn't it the classic fact pattern that
16 the TUFTA remedy is meant --

17 MR. MCENTIRE: Understand.

18 THE COURT: Not just the defendant is moving fungible
19 money around. I'm just, I'm struggling here --

20 MR. MCENTIRE: Sure.

21 THE COURT: -- and I'm wanting help.

22 MR. MCENTIRE: And I detect the Court's concern.

23 THE COURT: Yes.

24 MR. MCENTIRE: And we could debate the issue.

25 I will tell you this. TUFTA specifically and expressly

1 contemplates our situation here, because you don't have to
2 actually trace and link all of the assets to a particular pot
3 of gold. If you are concerned about protecting the integrity
4 of the process, you can attach -- it's really not an
5 attachment -- it's simply an injunction to prevent the
6 movement of assets.

7 Our proposed order, Your Honor, does not want to interfere
8 in the ordinary course of business. Our proposed order allows
9 them to continue in their ordinary course of business,
10 fulfilling their duties every day to their clients, doing what
11 they do in their ordinary course of business. We're only
12 asking to restrain the improper fraudulent transfers of
13 monies.

14 Now, with that said, I have a --

15 THE COURT: Oh, that's going to be --

16 MR. MCENTIRE: I have a recommendation.

17 THE COURT: That's going to be easy to monitor,
18 right?

19 MR. MCENTIRE: No. We have a -- we have a disclosure
20 request.

21 THE COURT: I know, but they have periodic reports.

22 MR. MCENTIRE: That's right. And this is something
23 -- we were sensitive to the fact that we're not out here to
24 enjoin the ordinary course of business. You know, we're not
25 strangers to the process. And so we've tried to craft the

1 relief we were requesting accordingly.

2 But I have a recommendation and a suggestion. It appears
3 to me -- and I may be wrong -- that you're not going to
4 consider our TRO motion today. I think I'm reading the cards
5 pretty clearly.

6 THE COURT: You are.

7 MR. MCENTIRE: I would ask the following, then. I
8 would like you to set down a preliminary injunction hearing
9 for 30 days or 45 days from now. And I would like you to
10 allow us to do discovery. And they can do their briefing.
11 And we will have a date certain in the event you decide to
12 hear the matter, so we don't have to do another do-over.

13 If you decide to issue another Report and Recommendation,
14 then -- and you keep the case, after reading the *Royal Canin*
15 case and these other materials, then I welcome that. We would
16 like you to stay involved. And what I would recommend, let's
17 get a date certain on the calendar while we have a preliminary
18 injunction hearing set sometime between now and the 1st of
19 December and give us an opportunity to do some discovery and
20 come back here.

21 In the interim, if you decide to change your mind and you
22 want to send it up -- well, not change your mind -- if you
23 decide ultimately to send it up to the federal court, then
24 we'll follow your lead. I just don't want to lose the
25 opportunity, while we're here now, and postpone this process

1 for 60 or 90 days or 120 days.

2 THE COURT: Okay. I know what I want to do, so I
3 really want to stop.

4 What I think is the prudent course here is, today, I'm not
5 going to make any sort of ruling. This is all I'm going to
6 do. I am going to require briefing. And we're not going to
7 go this side, then this side, then this side. I am just going
8 to require by November 18th that the parties -- by 11:59 p.m.
9 on November 18th -- the parties file post-hearing briefing on
10 subject matter jurisdiction at this juncture, specifically
11 focusing on did *Royal Canin* change the landscape on time-of-
12 filing rule or not? Does that apply here or not? So, that
13 one issue. Because, as everyone knows, that's the first thing
14 any court is supposed to try to be sure on: Is there subject
15 matter jurisdiction?

16 I guess the next thing is just state your position. You
17 don't have to give argument one way or another. But just
18 state your position so I can quote it in the Supplemental
19 Report and Recommendation, you either do want the bankruptcy
20 court acting as a magistrate on pretrial matters or you don't.
21 Again, I don't need argument on that.

22 And obviously, first and foremost, I need to know about
23 subject matter jurisdiction. That may be a moot issue, but
24 let's assume subject matter jurisdiction still exists. One-
25 sentence statement, either you think the district court should

1 yank the whole thing or still use the bankruptcy judge as a
2 magistrate.

3 The third issue is I want briefing on -- again, and I just
4 want to focus on the law here -- the availability and the
5 standards of this remedy. What is the statute you're relying
6 on? And I think HMIT -- we tabbed it in your -- I think
7 you're relying on TUFTA, Section 24.008(a)(3)(B), and maybe
8 the Civil Practice and Remedies Code, Section 24.001. But any
9 case law as well.

10 And what is the legal authority that supports the idea of
11 giving a type of pretrial TRO or preliminary injunction that
12 HMIT is seeking? Just legal standard. And the Defendants
13 will obviously argue whatever authority or case law you think,
14 no, you can't get it in a context like this.

15 Because that's a huge issue. I was just thinking through
16 how many times in my life have I had fraudulent transfer
17 causes of action and someone asked for this kind of relief.
18 And I could only remember it in sort of the blocks of gold
19 situation. Now, I may not be remembering, but we're talking
20 about a specific asset that is the subject of a fraudulent
21 transfer cause of action and I think it's about to go away to
22 someplace where it will be impossible, if we win establishing
23 it's a fraudulent transfer, impossible to ever get it back.
24 And even then, it's like, well, you can always get the value
25 of the thing. Even then, it's kind of a hard call.

1 So I need to be educated, because it just doesn't come up
2 that much. And I think it's even harder here because of the
3 receiver request. And I'm remembering that *Jeff Baron* case
4 from years ago. It's even more complicated because of the
5 length of this adversary. You know, immediate and irreparable
6 harm. And it's kind of hard to think in terms of immediate.

7 So this is complicated, and so those are the three issues.
8 And it's really two briefing issues, but just three points:
9 subject matter federal jurisdiction, mostly focusing on *Royal*
10 *Canin* and did it result in an upheaval of a hornbook doctrine.
11 And just a statement about should this Court, if there is
12 subject matter jurisdiction, be a magistrate or not. And
13 then, third, the legal authority that applies to the TRO
14 relief.

15 And, again, that's going to guide me on I may put in the
16 Supplemental Report and Recommendation, if you do find you
17 have jurisdiction and if you do take the whole thing, I think
18 you need to give them a super-quick hearing on the TRO
19 request, or I don't. Or I think you need to let me have a
20 really super-quick hearing on the TRO, even with kind of the
21 jurisdictional ping-pong in play.

22 So November 18th, 11:59. No you, you, and you.

23 Question?

24 MS. DANDENEAU: Your Honor, I am so sorry -- again,
25 for the record, Debra Dandeneau -- to complicate this, because

1 those questions are very well defined. We also have some
2 issues from a bankruptcy perspective and 105 and the authority
3 of a court under *Zale* and its progeny to issue an injunction
4 that is really kind of protecting essentially a nondebtor who,
5 in this case, is seeking affirmative recovery. So, different,
6 admittedly, from *Zale* and some of the other Fifth Circuit
7 precedents.

8 So the question is whether we should raise that now, or
9 just address these specific questions. We're happy, again, to
10 do whatever Your Honor thinks is helpful here.

11 THE COURT: Okay. Well, I'm trying to keep this --
12 it's wrong to say as simple as possible, because nothing is
13 simple about this. I don't see how in the world *Zale* is
14 relevant here. And maybe it would be helpful if you would
15 tell me why you think it's relevant.

16 MS. DANDENEAU: All right. Your Honor, should I come
17 to the podium?

18 THE COURT: Yes, that would be good. I'm just trying
19 to keep it simple, even though that's not a good word.

20 MS. DANDENEAU: I know, and that's why I apologized,
21 --

22 THE COURT: Yes.

23 MS. DANDENEAU: -- because I did not mean to upset
24 the simplicity of -- and the clear direction of your
25 questions.

1 The question that we have here is Section 105 really is
2 designed to basically offer -- the Court has its powers under
3 105 to assist in furthering the provisions of the Bankruptcy
4 Code. We think particularly with respect to certain of the
5 causes of action, number one, they are not brought under the
6 Bankruptcy Code, and so issuing an injunction to further, for
7 example, a state law claim against one of the Defendants --
8 and I would note, for example, Mr. Leventon, there are no
9 bankruptcy causes of action asserted against our client, Mr.
10 Leventon -- but whether that even should be -- that power even
11 should be used.

12 And in *Zale* -- again, admittedly, I actually think the
13 Fifth Circuit has been at the forefront of saying, we don't --
14 we don't do things -- it's usually in the context of a 524
15 discharge -- of saying, we don't really do things to help out
16 nondebtors, to protect nondebtors in this case. And *Zale*
17 admittedly was an injunction that was seeking to protect
18 claims against nondebtors.

19 THE COURT: Officers, directors. Uh-huh.

20 MS. DANDENEAU: Officers -- well, it was -- and
21 officers and directors. And the same thing, even the recent
22 Fifth Circuit decision in *Highland Capital*.

23 But we think now, given the posture of this case, we think
24 we have a reasonable argument that, really, a logical
25 extension of those cases is that -- and when we look at

1 105(a), the Court's equitable powers do not extend to, number
2 one, to protecting nondebtors, especially with respect to
3 causes of action that arise completely independently of the
4 Bankruptcy Code; and number two, even if one were to conclude
5 that the Court's power does extend that far, shouldn't you be
6 applying the test in *Zale*, which requires both unusual -- a
7 showing of unusual circumstances, which are very much linked
8 to the effect on the estate or how connected this is with the
9 estate, as well as the traditional four factors?

10 And so, again, Your Honor, I wasn't going to mention it,
11 --

12 THE COURT: Okay.

13 MS. DANDENEAU: -- but I didn't want somebody to come
14 and say, oh, well, you didn't talk about that, that's kind of
15 a -- kind of similar to a jurisdictional issue.

16 THE COURT: Okay. When I do the Supplemental Report
17 and Recommendation to Judge Scholer, whatever it says,
18 certainly, if you want to file an objection to the
19 Supplemental Report and Recommendation and say something like,
20 she didn't mention *Zale*, but hey, we think that's something
21 you should consider, have at it.

22 But for this post-hearing briefing that I'm going to make
23 due on November 18th, I don't want that covered. And I'll
24 just let you know, in the for-what-it's-worth category, I
25 don't think that's germane. Creative lawyers think of

1 creative arguments, and I respect that, but this is, to me,
2 about a pre-judgment remedy. That's fundamentally at the
3 heart of this. Does TUFTA or DUFTA allow it? Is there any
4 other authority, whether you say it's Texas Practices and
5 Remedy Code, and then I know *Zale* is what it is, third parties
6 who are nondebtors, it's a rare situation where they are
7 entitled to anything close to a release or a discharge. And I
8 just don't see that as germane, so I don't want it in the
9 briefing.

10 MS. DANDENEAU: Thank you, Your Honor.

11 THE COURT: Okay.

12 MS. DANDENEAU: And we agree, we think that the
13 briefing will show that it's going to be dispositive and we
14 won't get to the point of arguing this further. But, of
15 course, if we do have to, and I hope we don't, I reserve my
16 right to try to convince you otherwise.

17 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

18 MS. DANDENEAU: Thank you.

19 THE COURT: All right. So, November 18th, 11:59 p.m.

20 And let me, because I know in this case and adversary
21 proceedings, we have frequent motions to extend page limit,
22 and I haven't even said what the page limit is. Let's do a
23 page lament of 40 pages. And please, no appendices or
24 attachments. This is just legal issue, no facts. Again, it's
25 a legal authority thing, not telling me what happened. Okay?

1 And I very much want this to be resolved one way or
2 another sooner rather than later. We all know four years plus
3 for an adversary is extremely long, and we could be looking at
4 years, years, years. So I'm going to do my part to, soon
5 after I get the November 18th briefing, look at it and get a
6 Supplemental Report and Recommendation. And you'll see what I
7 do, and you'll have I guess your own roadmap from that what
8 you should do next.

9 All right. Thank you. We're adjourned.

10 MS. DANDENEAU: Thank you, Your Honor.

11 THE CLERK: All rise.

12 (Proceedings concluded at 11:02 a.m.)

13 --oOo--

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CERTIFICATE

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22

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from
the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the
above-entitled matter.

23

/s/ Kathy Rehling

10/20/2025

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Kathy Rehling, CETD-444
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